

# Presentation Bridging Social Protection and Occupational Health to Advance Sustainable Development Goals



#### **Definitions**

**Social protection** is the set of policies and programmes designed to reduce and prevent poverty, vulnerability, and social exclusion throughout the life cycle. It encompasses social insurance, social assistance, and includes, at a minimum, access to healthcare without hardship, including maternity care, and income security throughout the life cycle.

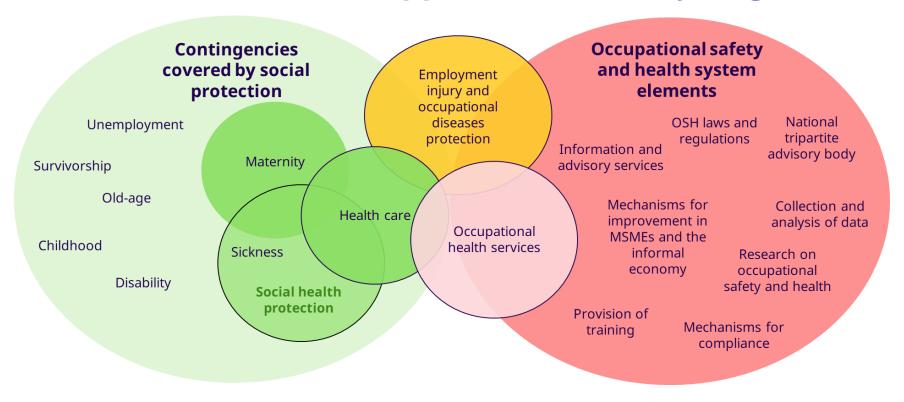
- Medical Care Recommendation, 1944 (No. 69)
- Employment Injury Benefits Convention, 1964 (No. 121)
- Social Security (Minimum Standards) Convention, 1952 (No. 102)
- Medical Care and Sickness Benefits Convention, 1969 (No. 130)

Occupational health services consist of those services entrusted with essentially preventive functions, which are responsible for advising employers, workers, and their representatives on requirements for establishing and maintaining safe and healthy working environments to facilitate optimal physical and mental health in relation to work. Convention No. 161 prescribes the 11 functions that should be guaranteed thereby.

- Occupational Safety and Health Convention, 1981 (No. 155)
- Occupational Health Services Conventions, 1985 (No. 161)
- Occupational Health Services Recommendation, 1985 (No. 171)
- Occupational Safety and Health Convention, 2006 (No. 187)



### Social protection and occupational health services: what opportunities for synergies



#### **Opportunities for synergies**

#### Common objectives

Maintenance and restoration of health

#### **Complementary missions**

Prevention and compensation of work injuries and occupational diseases

#### **Overlapping functions**

Prevention
Curative services
Rehabilitation

#### Institutional architecture

OHS can be delivered through social security institutions (C161, R171)



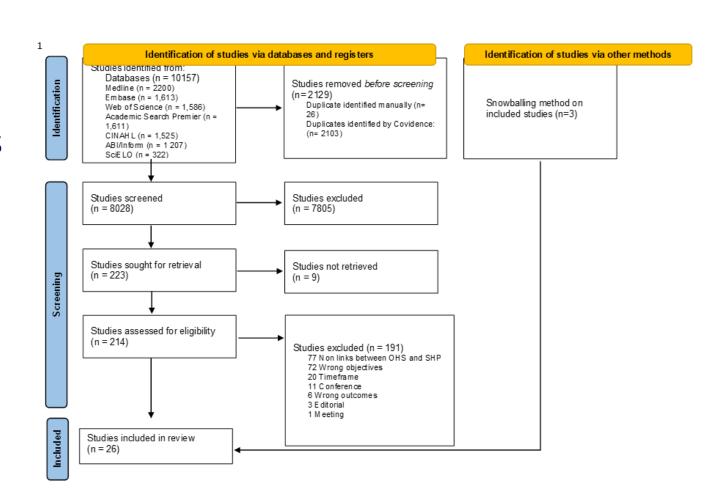
#### Research project

#### **Research questions**

- What is the nature of linkages between OHS and social protection
- In which countries are they reported?
- Is it possible to elaborate a typology of coordination models?

#### Methodology

- Scoping review
- Three country case studies
  - Colombia
  - Madagascar
  - Viet Nam





#### **Overarching findings**

#### State of the evidence

- Vast diversity in the nature of linkages.
- Existence of multiple linkages within contexts.
- Often unclear which OHS function was the subject of the coordination.
- Many linkages between SHP, OHS, and EII, as well as other social protection branches.



#### **Overarching findings**

#### State of the evidence

- Vast diversity in the nature of linkages.
- Existence of multiple linkages within contexts.
- Often unclear which OHS function was the subject of the coordination.
- Many linkages between SHP, OHS, and EII, as well as other social protection branches.

#### Types of linkages identified

- 1. Integrated stewardship
- 2. Integrated mandate of OHS and social protection within a single institution
- 3. Delivery of specific OHS functions by social protection administrations
- 4. OHS extension to general health services for workers and their families
- 5. Administration of benefits for employment injury or disease by social protection schemes responsible for other contingencies
- 6. Financial linkages
- 7. Referrals and information sharing



#### **Diversity of institutional architectures**

#### Colombia

#### Occupational health services

Ministry of Labour

Ministry of health and social protection

Occupational

**Employers** 

National Council of **Occupational Risks** 

Risks Fund

Network of **OSH** committees and

commissions

ARL

Social protection

Social Protection System for Old-Age, Invalidity and Death

Social assistance schemes (Familias en Acción)

General System of **Occupational** Risks **Employment** injury insurance and

OHS

**General System** of social health protection

**EPS** 

**IPS** 

#### Madagascar

#### Occupational health services

The Occupational Health and Intercompany **Organizations** Department (MOH)

Directorate of **Social Security** for Workers (MOL)

Social protection

Caisse Nationale de **Prévoyance Sociale** Maternity

Old-age Etc...

Human development cash transfers **Employers** 

#### **SMT**

OHS extending into social health protection

**FANOME** 

Health mutuals

Government

#### **Viet Nam**

**Employers** 

#### Occupational health services

Ministry of Labour

Ministry of Health

Viet Nam Health

and Environment

Management

Agency (VIHEMA)

(MoH)

Industryrelated

Ministries

Trade unions

The Viet Nam

Fatherland

and Front and

member

organizations

Social protection

#### **Viet Nam Social Security (VSS)**

National health insurance Employment injury insurance Survivorship Old age Sickness Etc...

> Social assistance programmes



#### Linkages identified in the country case studies

	Colombia	Madagascar	Viet Nam
Integrated stewardship			X
Integrated mandate of OHS and social protection within a single institution	X		
Delivery of specific OHS functions by social protection administrations		X	
OHS extension to general health services for workers and their families		X*	
Administration of benefits for employment injury or disease by social protection schemes responsible for other contingencies	X		X
Financial linkages			X
Referrals and information sharing	X	X	

<sup>\*</sup> Only country in which this linkage was identified.



#### **Priorities for future research**

 Extent to which linkages promote coordination between social protection and occupational health services

 Comprehensiveness and quality of OHS when delivered by - or integrated with - social protection schemes

 Causes and implications of the administration of work injury benefits by social protection schemes responsible for other contingencies



## Thank you for your kind attention





Bridging Social Protection and Occupational Health to Advance Sustainable Development Goals